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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/749,425	12/31/2003	Sreenivas Subramoney	30320/17231	9579

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EXAMINER

MOORE, PATRICK M

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2188

DATE MAILED: 11/02/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b> 10/749,425	<b>Applicant(s)</b> SUBRAMONEY ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b> Patrick M. Moore	<b>Art Unit</b> 2188	

**-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on Amendments/Arguments filed 17 July 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
     Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
     Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \*    c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                       | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application                       |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

### DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 2 & 4 have been amended.
2. Claims 1-21 have been examined.

### *Response to Amendment*

3. Applicant's amendments and arguments filed on **17 July 2006**, in response to the Office Action mailed **15 May 2006**, have been fully considered with the result that follows.

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102*

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 1-5, 8-15, 18 & 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Campbell (US Patent #6,393,522).
  - a. **As per Claim 1**, Campbell discloses an article comprising a machine-accessible medium **[Figure 1, #106, #107 & #108]** having stored thereon instructions that, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to: obtain, from a performance monitor, performance data for a memory heap having a plurality of memory regions **[Figure 4, #403, #404, #407 & Column 2, Lines 24-36]**; based on the performance data, determine if at least one of the plurality memory regions is a delinquent region **[Figure 4, #405 & Column 2, Lines 24-36]**; and in response to a determination that at least one of the plurality of memory regions is a

delinquent region, execute a memory management routine to optimize that region of the memory heap **[Column 2, Line 66 – Column 3, Line 5]**. *Examiner understands that cache eviction, as disclosed by Campbell, is a memory management routine that optimizes memory regions and therefore expressly anticipates the optimization, as claimed by Applicant.*

- b. **As per Claim 2**, Campbell further discloses the article of claim 1, wherein the performance data represents at least one memory performance event **[Column 2, Lines 11-13]**.
- c. **As per Claim 3**, Campbell further discloses the article of claim 1, wherein the performance data is selected from the group consisting of cache misses, translation lookaside buffer misses, branch mis-predicts, stalls due to data dependency, and data cache write-back **[Column 2, Lines 14-36]**. *Using the well-known definition of a cache miss, Examiner understands that performance data are inherently anticipated by the system taught by Campbell because a miss occurs when data is unavailable from the cache.*
- d. **As per Claim 4**, Campbell further discloses the article of claim 1, wherein the performance monitor is a Performance Monitoring Unit (PMU) of a central processor for the machine **[Figure 1, #105]**.
- e. **As per Claim 5**, Campbell further discloses the article of claim 1, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the machine to: execute the memory management routine on at least one delinquent region; and execute a secondary memory management routine on at least one non-delinquent region,

wherein the secondary memory management routine is different than the memory management routine **[Column 2, Line 66 – Column 3, Line 5]**.

*Examiner notes that the delinquent regions, disclosed by Campbell, are evicted from the cache, while the non-delinquent regions are not evicted and may have additional 'decision process[es]' performed.*

- f. **As per Claim 8**, Campbell further discloses the article of claim 1, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the machine to: establish a size granularity of the memory region prior to obtaining the performance data for the memory region **[Column 3, Lines 47-54]**.
- g. **As per Claim 9**, Campbell further discloses the article of claim 1, wherein the performance data is received from a Performance Monitoring Unit, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the Performance Monitoring Unit to: count the number of occurrences of the performance data **[Column 2, Lines 53-55]**.
- h. **As per Claim 10**, Campbell further discloses the article of claim 9, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the Performance Monitoring Unit to: compare the count of the number of occurrences of the performance data to a threshold value **[Column 2, Lines 24-36]**, wherein if the count is above the threshold value, a delinquent region is determined to exist **[Column 2, Lines 56-59]**.
- i. **As per Claim 11**, Campbell further discloses the article of claim 10, having further instructions that when executed by the machine, cause the machine to:

determine if a sufficient number of data samples have been taken, before comparing the count to the threshold value **[Figure 4, #408 & Column 2, Lines 60-65]**.

- j. **As per Claim 12**, Campbell further discloses the article of claim 10, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the machine to: in response to a determination that an additional data sample is to be taken, collect the additional data sample from the memory heap **[Column 4, Lines 28-34]**.
- k. **As per Claim 13**, Campbell further discloses the article of claim 1, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the machine to: block the delinquent region from memory storage **[Column 2, Line 66 – Column 3, Line 5]**. *As is well known in the art, Examiner understands that the term 'evicted', as taught by Campbell, refers to blocking access requests to the referenced memory location until the location becomes unblocked (e.g. when new data is written or the location is determined to contain valid data).*
- l. **As per Claim 14**, Campbell discloses a method comprising: identifying load miss memory addresses from a memory heap including a plurality of memory regions **[Figure 1, #106, #107 & #108]**; maintaining a frequency count for the identified load miss memory addresses **[Figure 1, #104 & Column 2, Lines 24-36]**; determining if any of the plurality of memory regions include a threshold value of load miss memory addresses **[Column 2, Lines 56-59]**; and optimizing the memory heap in response to a determination that at least one of the plurality of

memory regions includes a threshold value of load miss memory addresses

**[Column 2, Line 66 – Column 3, Line 5].**

- m. **As per Claim 15**, Campbell further discloses the method of claim 14, wherein optimizing the memory heap comprises blocking the memory regions including the threshold value of load miss memory addresses **['evicted' entry in Column 2, Line 66 – Column 3, Line 5].**
- n. **As per Claim 18**, Campbell further discloses the method of claim 14, further comprising: performing a first memory management routine on at least one memory region including the threshold value of load miss memory addresses; and performing a second memory management routine, different than the first memory management routine, on at least one memory region that does not include the threshold value of load miss memory addresses **[Column 2, Line 66 – Column 3, Line 5].**
- o. **As per Claim 19**, Campbell discloses a system comprising: hardware to monitor performance of a memory heap and to compile performance data on memory regions within the memory heap **[Figure 1, #105, #104 & Column 3, Lines 16-37]**, wherein the hardware is able to determine if any of the memory regions are delinquent regions based on the compiled performance data **[Column 2, Lines 24-36]**; and a memory manager for optimizing the delinquent regions **[Figure 1, #105 & Column 2, Line 66 – Column 3, Line 5].**

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 6, 7, 16, 17, 20 & 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Campbell** (US Patent # 6,393,522) as applied to Claims 1, 14 & 19 above, and further in view of Chilimbi et al.'s "Using Generational Garbage Collection to Implement Cache-Conscious Data Placement", herein **Chilimbi A**.

- a. **Campbell** *does not expressly disclose the delinquent memory management routine as a garbage collector. However, Chilimbi A discloses several garbage collection routines. Campbell and Chilimbi A are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor: increasing operational performance of cache memory systems. At the time of invention, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the Cache Memory Management system, as disclosed by Campbell, with the Garbage Collection techniques, as disclosed by Chilimbi A. The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been for the benefit of increasing the overall cache response speed by applying a dynamic reorganization of cached data as taught by Chilimbi A on Section 2, ¶4, which spans Pages 1 & 2.*
- b. **As per Claim 6, Chilimbi A** further discloses the article of claim 1, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the machine to: execute a garbage collection routine on at least one delinquent region [**Section 2, ¶4**].



- c. **As per Claim 16, Chilimbi A** further discloses the method of claim 14, wherein optimizing the memory heap comprises performing a garbage collection on at least one of the memory regions including the threshold value of load miss memory addresses **[Section 2, ¶4]**.
- d. **As per Claim 20, Campbell** discloses the system of claim 19, wherein the hardware comprises a performance monitoring unit **[Figure 1, #105]**, and **Chilimbi A** discloses that the memory manager is a garbage collector **[Section 2, ¶4]**.
- e. **As per Claim 7, 17 & 21, Chilimbi A** further discloses the system of claim 6, 16 and 20, respectively, wherein the garbage collector executes a garbage collection optimization selected from the group consisting of reference counting collection, copy collection, generational collection, mark-sweep collection, beltway collection, oldest first collection, slide compaction or a hybrid collection **[Section 3]**. *Examiner understands that Chilimbi A discloses several distinct optimization techniques, which include generational, copying, breadth-first, oldest first, reference counting collection, etc. Additionally, it would be inherent to apply additional algorithms or to use several algorithms in combination. Identical motivation to combine Campbell with Chilimbi A exists, as above.*

#### **Response to Arguments**

- 6. Applicant's arguments filed **17 July 2006** have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

- a. As per Applicant's arguments pertaining to the disclosure by **Campbell** of cache eviction & memory optimization, Examiner asserts that **Campbell** discloses a technique for managing cache memory that anticipates the claims, or would be obvious in view of **Chilimbi A**. Specifically, Applicant argues that **Campbell** does not teach optimization of a region of a memory heap. However, **Campbell** expressly discloses that the "invention improves the efficiency of cache usage" as per **Column 1, Lines 54-55** and such "improved efficiency" would be considered the result of optimization. Furthermore, Examiner points out that a region of a memory heap is typically made up of several cache lines and that optimization of a memory heap would be functionally identical to optimization of a cache memory. The relationship between memory heap and cache is explained, by Applicant's specification in ¶0037 & ¶0046, is such that a cache optimization technique would clearly anticipate the optimization of a region of a memory heap. Therefore, as described above, the claimed optimization of a region of a memory heap is clearly anticipated by **Campbell's** techniques for improved efficiency of multiple caches.
- b. As per Applicant's arguments pertaining to newly stored data that may have the same problems as the previously stored data. When a delinquent region is evicted from the cache, as disclosed by **Campbell**, the cache is then better able to handle subsequent data in that same location. When a location is better able to handle subsequently stored data, that location has been optimized. Furthermore, Examiner understands that a cache eviction optimization when

combined with the garbage collection routines, as disclosed by **Chilimbi A**, provides an improvement of cache latency through a reorganization of the pointer-based data structures. Such a combination is functionally equivalent to the claimed invention in Applicant's **Claims 6, 7, 16, 17, 20 & 21**.

- c. As per Applicant's arguments that there is no suggestion to combine the references: **Campbell** in view of **Chilimbi A**, the Examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Examiner points out **Section 5.a.**, above, where the suggestion or motivation to combine the references is expressly disclosed by **Chilimbi A** in **Section 2, ¶4**, as for the benefit of improving cache performance by applying dynamic reorganization of a program's data layout.

### **Conclusion**

7. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory


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action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patrick M. Moore whose telephone number is (571) 272-1239. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:30AM - 6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hyung S. Sough can be reached on (571) 272-6799. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

  
HYUNG SOUGH  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

PMM

10/30/06